

West Windsor-Plainsboro Regional School District

Spanish Grade (Beginning) 7-1

Unit 1: MI NUEVA ESCUELA (MY NEW SCHOOL)

Content Area: World Language

Course & Grade Level: Spanish- Beginning (7-1), Grade 7

Summary and Rationale

The theme of the first unit of the year focuses on making new friends in a new school. Students become acquainted with the middle school and with their classmates. In the course of the unit, they review and expand upon vocabulary and language functions learned at the elementary level as formal reading and writing in Spanish is introduced. To provide a real-life application for the language, students write pen pal letters to peers in a Spanish-speaking country and/or to peers at another middle school in the United States. They introduce themselves by talking about school experiences, their families, and interests.

Recommended Pacing

40 days

New Jersey Student Learning Standards for World Language

Standard: Standards for Interpretive Mode

Novice Mid learners understand and communicate at the word, phrase, and simple sentence level and can independently identify and recognize memorized words and phrases that bring meaning to text.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NM.IPRET.1	Identify familiar spoken and written words, phrases, and simple sentences contained in culturally authentic materials and other resources related to targeted themes.
7.1.NM.IPRET.2	Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics.
7.1.NM.IPRET.3	Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions.
7.1.NM.IPRET.4	Report on the content of short messages that they hear, view, and read in predictable culturally authentic materials.
7.1.NM.IPRET.5	Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages found in short culturally authentic materials on global issues, including climate change.

Standard: Interpersonal Mode

Novice Mid learners understand and communicate at the word and phrase level independently when responding to learned questions, ask memorized questions, state needs and preferences, and briefly describe people, place, and things. They have no real functional abilities and, therefore, cannot participate in true exchanges of information.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NM.IPERS.1	Request and provide information by asking and answering simple, practiced questions, using memorized words and phrases.
7.1.NM.IPERS.2	Share basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
7.1.NM.IPERS.3	Express one's own and react to others' basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words, phrases, and simple memorized sentences that are supported by gestures and visuals.
7.1.NM.IPERS.4	Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities.
7.1.NM.IPERS.5	Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s) native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily interactions.

Standard: Presentational Mode

Novice Mid learners understand and communicate at the word and phrase level and can use memorized words and phrases independently when stating needs and preferences. They can describe people, places, and things with a combination of memorized words and phrases and a few simple sentences formed by combining and recombining learned language.

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CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NM.PRSNT.1	Present basic personal information, interests, and activities using memorized
	words, phrases, and a few simple sentences on targeted themes.
7.1.NM.PRSNT.2	State basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
7.1.NM.PRSNT.3	Imitate, recite, and/or dramatize simple poetry, rhymes, songs, and skits.
7.1.NM.PRSNT.4	Copy/write words, phrases, or simple guided texts on familiar topics.
7.1.NM.PRSNT.5	Present information from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials orally or in writing.
	New Jersey Student Learning Standards for English Language Arts
	Companion Standards
Standard: Key Ide	eas and Details
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
NJSLSA.R1.	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
NJSLSA.R2.	Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
RL.6.1.	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RL.6.2.	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
RI.6.1.	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RI.6.2.	Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
Standard: Craft a	nd structure
NJSLSA.R4.	Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.
NJSLSA.R5	Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text(e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.
RL.6.4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.
RI.6.4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.
Standard: Integra	ation of knowledge and ideas
NJSLSA.R7.	Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words
RI.6.7.	Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills		
Standard: Global and Cultural Awareness		
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
9.4.8.GCA.1	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect	
9.4.8.GCA.2	Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a	
N	group goal ew Jersey Student Learning Standards for Computer Science and Design Thinking	
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
8.1.8.DA.1	Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable for a specific	
0.1.0.DA.1	purpose.	
8.1.8.AP.6	Refine a solution that meets users' needs by incorporating feedback from team members and	
	users Interdisciplinary Standards (Social Studies)	
	Standard: Civics, Government, and Human Rights: Democratic Principles	
6.3.8.CivicsDP.1	Identify an issue of inequality, develop multiple solutions, and communicate the best one to an	
0.5.8.6106301.1	appropriate government body.	
	Standard: Civics, Government, and Human Rights: Processes, Rules and Laws	
6.3.8.CivicsPR.3	Take a position on an issue in which fundamental ideals and principles are in conflict (e.g., liberty, equality).	
	Instructional Focus	
Unit Enduring Un	derstandings	
	will understand that asking and answering questions is essential when meeting and getting to	
know new		
Students	will understand that school experiences vary between cultures and reflect cultural perspectives.	
Unit Essential Qu	estions	
 Who am I 	and how can I get to know you?	
How are r	 How are my experiences at school similar yet different than my Spanish speaking peers? 	
Objectives		
Students will kno	w:	
 How to m 	ake simple introductions	
 How to be 	egin a polite conversation	
	sk and answer formulaic questions for names, age, how they are feeling	
	se estar to express how they are feeling	
	press likes and dislikes using gustar, encantar, detestar	
How to use ser to describe typical personality traits of people in school		
cultures		
 How to ask for and give opinions How to use typical classroom expressions to express needs Names of school classes, school supplies, typical school activities How to express what school supplies they already have/still need How to use ser to describe physical characteristics How to use ser to describe typical personality traits of people in school How to express the time of day, including using the 24-hour clock How to use ordinal numbers to describe a school schedule How to use sequencing/transitional words to show the order of classes/activities and connect sentences How to use information question words and how to form these types of questions Basic similarities and differences between American and Latin American/Spanish schools as well as other 		

Students will be able to:

- Ask and answer personal identity questions (age, birthday, origin)
- Introduce people and respond in culturally appropriate ways to an introduction
- Describe self and other people typically found in a school (physical description)
- Describe self and other people typically found in a school (personality description)
- Express their classroom needs
- Express likes and dislikes
- Express emotions
- Identify and describe typical school supplies
- Explain how school supplies are used/why they are needed
- Describe their school schedule
- Describe classes and places in the school building
- Describe and compare the classes, personnel, and typical school schedules with those in a school in a Spanish-speaking country
- Compare and contrast school systems from different cultures

Evidence of Learning

Assessment: Students will be assessed in the three modes of communication- Interpersonal, Interpretative, and Presentational. Student progress will be measured using both formative and common summative assessments, and will be graded using ACTFL proficiency rubrics.

Common assessments 1.1; 1.2; 1.3

Resources

- Backpack with school supplies
- Clipart of feelings
- Clipart of classes, school supplies, adjectives to describe people in school
- Ads selling school supplies
- Sample schedules
- Clocks
- Reading: Nuestro Barrio: El Nuevo Amigo Amigo Nuevo by Maria Puncel
- Ven Conmigo videoclip <u>Me Llamo Francisco</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=esEu2mJaqRg&t=70s</u>
- Ven Conmigo videoclip <u>Mañana es el Primer Día de Clases</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iW2I7On8-HU</u>
- Ven Conmigo videoclip <u>iBienvenida al colegio! https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1XgJJ4goAY0&t=305s</u>
- Mi colegio Youtube video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IOUomOdV3wc&t=82s
- Okapi magazines
- MaryGlasgow video clips
- Magazines: Que Tal/Ahora/El Sol

Unit 2: ¿QUÉ FORMA MI HOGAR? (WHAT MAKES UP MY HOME?)

Content Area: World Language

Course & Grade Level: Spanish- Beginning (7-1), Grade 7

Summary and Rationale

As students investigate the facets of family life in Spanish-speaking cultures, they communicate (listen, read, speak) about family members, what constitutes "family," homes, and responsibilities. This leads to a comparison with their own families and homes. By the end of the unit, they understand that "family" might have many connotations here in the United States and abroad.

Recommended Pacing

50 days

New Jersey Student Learning Standards for World Language

Standard: Standards for Interpretive Mode

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7.1.NM.IPRET.3	Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions.
7.1.NM.IPRET.4	Report on the content of short messages that they hear, view, and read in predictable culturally authentic materials.
7.1.NM.IPRET.5	Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages found in short culturally authentic materials on global issues, including climate change.

Standard: Interpersonal Mode

Novice High learners understand and communicate at the phrase and sentence level and can use words, lists, and simple sentences independently when talking about everyday life. They can handle a few uncomplicated communicative tasks when the situations are straightforward and the contexts familiar. Conversation is limited to basic personal information, basic objects, and a limited number of activities, preferences, and needs. Novice High learners understand and respond to simple direct questions and requests and can independently ask a few formulaic questions. They rely on learned language that they begin to recombine to express their own ideas and needs. Novice High learners use sentence-level speech but often revert to words and phrases.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NM.IPERS.1	Request and provide information by asking and answering simple, practiced questions, using memorized words and phrases.
7.1.NM.IPERS.2	Share basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
7.1.NM.IPERS.3	Express one's own and react to others' basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words, phrases, and simple memorized sentences that are supported by gestures and visuals.
7.1.NM.IPERS.4	Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities.
7.1.NM.IPERS.5	Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s) native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily interactions.

Standard: Presentational Mode

Novice Mid learners understand and communicate at the word and phrase level and can use memorized words and phrases independently when stating needs and preferences. They can describe people, places, and things with a combination of memorized words and phrases and a few simple sentences formed by combining and recombining learned language.

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	writing.	

Instructional Focus

Unit Enduring Understandings

• Families in Spanish-speaking countries have similar and yet different characteristics and those qualities reflect their cultural perspectives.

Unit Essential Questions

- How does family life reveal the cultural perspectives of a people?
- Is my family life similar or different from that of a Hispanic teenager? Why? How?

Objectives

Students will know:

- Names of family members (nuclear and extended family) and the relationships among the various people
- How to use ser to describe detailed physical traits
- How to use ser to describe personality traits
- Types of typical family pets
- Names of rooms and locations in and around the house
- Names of items found in various locations in a house
- How to use prepositions to describe the locations of the rooms of a house and the items in each room
- Types of houses found in Spanish-speaking countries
- The materials houses are made of
- How to describe typical household chores
- How to describe typical leisure activities in the home
- How to express the frequency with which they and others do chores and other activities around the home
- Sequencing/transitional words
- Information question words and how to form these types of questions
- How to ask for and give opinions
- How to make simple comparisons
- Recognize cultural values and differences in family and home life represented in the cultures of Spanish-speaking countries and USA

Students will be able to:

- Identify and describe family members and their relationships to one another
- Describe physical and personality characteristics of family members
- Identify and describe rooms of a house/apartment
- Identify and describe the contents/furniture of the rooms of a house/apartment
- Explain where things are located in a house using prepositions of location
- Identify, describe and categorize household activities, including typical chores and leisure activities

- Ask and answer questions about family routines
- Compare and contrast the families and home life represented in the cultures of Spanish-speaking countries and USA

Evidence of Learning

Assessment: Students will be assessed in the three modes of communication- Interpersonal, Interpretative, and Presentational. Student progress will be measured using both formative and common summative assessments, and will be graded using ACTFL proficiency rubrics.

Common assessments 2.1; 2.2; 2.3

Resources

- various family trees
- Royal family of Spain family tree
- Royal family Youtube video from Video Ele channel https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RRwG7Nd2_E4
- Clipart of personality traits
- Clipart of physical characteristics
- images of houses, rooms in the house, contents of rooms in the house (e.g. IKEA catalog)
- Domitila: A Cinderella Tale from the Mexican Tradition adapted by Coburn
- Cuadros de familia (Garza)
- Reading: El Robot Empleado
- Okapi magazines
- MaryGlasgow video clips
- Magazines: Que Tal/Ahora/El Sol

<u></u>	(THE MARKET)
Content Area: W	
Course & Grade	Level: Spanish- Beginning (7-1), Grade 7
	Summary and Rationale
	butdoor markets typically found in Spanish-speaking countries. In the process, they learn to
identify and describe the food and clothing items displayed at the market, how to make purchases, and bargain	
•	rs to get the best prices. At the same time, they examine life in Hispanic countries and make
comparisons wit	h their own experiences.
FO days	Recommended Pacing
50 days	New James Chudent Learning Chandenda fan Mardel Learning
	New Jersey Student Learning Standards for World Language
	lards for Interpretive Mode
-	ners sometimes understand information from sentence-length speech in basic personal and social
	here is contextual support, though comprehension may often be very uneven. They are able to the and writing dealing with areas of practical need such as highly standardized messages, phrases,
	f the vocabulary has been learned.
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NH.IPRET.1	Identify familiar words and phrases in culturally authentic materials related to
,	targeted themes.
7.1.NH.IPRET.2	Understand the main idea and occasionally infer the meaning of some highly
/.1.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.Z	contextualized, unfamiliar spoken or written words, phrases, and short sentences in culturally
	authentic materials related to targeted themes.
7.1.NH.IPRET.3	Respond and act on a series of oral and written instructions, directions, and
/.1.I.IIIIII ILEI.3	commands.
7.1.NH.IPRET.4	Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with
/.1.NII.II NEI.4	target culture(s).
7.1.NH.IPRET.5	Identify some unique linguistic elements in the target culture.
7.1.NH.IPRET.6	Interpret some common cultural practices associated with the target culture(s).
	Comprehend some familiar questions and statements from short conversations and brief written
7.1.NH.IPRET.7	messages from informational and fictional texts that are spoken, viewed and written.
7.1.NH.IPRET.8	Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages using contextualized culturally
	authentic materials on global issues, including climate change.
Standard: Interp	
	ners understand and communicate at the phrase and sentence level and can use words, lists, and
-	s independently when talking about everyday life. They can handle a few uncomplicated
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formulaic questions. They rely on learned language that they begin to recombine to express their own ideas and	
	gh learners use sentence-level speech but often revert to words and phrases.
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NH.IPERS.1	Exchange basic information by recombining memorized words, phrases, and sentences on topics
	related to self and targeted themes to express original ideas and information.

7.1.NH.IPERS.2	Ask and respond to questions on practiced topics and on information from other subjects.
7.1.NH.IPERS.3	Make requests and express preferences in classroom settings and in various social situations.
7.1.NH.IPERS.4	Give and follow a series of oral and written directions, commands, and requests for participating in classroom and cultural activities.
7.1.NH.IPERS.5	Imitate appropriate gestures, intonation, and common idiomatic expressions of the target culture(s)/language during daily interactions.
7.1.NH.IPERS.6	Using information from brief oral and written messages on global issues, exchange information with classmates and others about global issues, including climate change.
Standard: Prese	ntational Mode
interests, their p	ners present information using words, phrases, and some sentences to talk about themselves, their references, and other topics of interest. They begin to speak and write at the sentence level on et their communication is often a mixture of words, phrases, and simple sentences.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.1	Recombine basic information at the phrase and sentence level related to everyday topics and themes.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.2	Create and present brief messages using familiar vocabulary orally or in writing.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.3	Describe orally and in writing people and things from the home and school environment.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.4	Tell or retell stories from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials orally or in writing.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.5	When speaking and writing, use simple sentences and try to connect them with a few transition words.
	Instructional Focus
	instructional rocus
Unit Enduring U	
Products	
Products cultures Unit Essential Qu	nderstandings sold in markets and shopping practices differ between Latin American and North American and, at the same time, impart important information about the people and their perspectives. mestions
Products cultures Unit Essential Qu	nderstandings sold in markets and shopping practices differ between Latin American and North American and, at the same time, impart important information about the people and their perspectives. Inestions It is the market reflect life in Latin American society? Why is it important in understanding the people
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 Products cultures Unit Essential Quant How doe and their Objectives Students will known Names on Types of Colors, cuant Numbers 	inderstandings sold in markets and shopping practices differ between Latin American and North American and, at the same time, impart important information about the people and their perspectives. intestions is the market reflect life in Latin American society? Why is it important in understanding the people values? intesting and other items sold at outdoor markets in Hispanic cities and towns shops found in typical Hispanic cities and towns othing styles, and fabric patterns
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Students will be able to:

- Describe a typical Hispanic market
- Identify and describe food and clothing and other items typically sold in a Hispanic market
- Categorize food and clothing and other items typically sold in a Hispanic market
- Ask and answer questions about food (including taste, texture, shape, prices)

- Ask and answer questions about clothing (including colors, styles, prices)
- Comment on clothes and other items one might purchase at a market
- Express prices using foreign currency
- Express preferences and needs
- Bargain with shopkeepers to secure lower prices
- Retell a story about a Hispanic family's visit to a market to purchase food for a typical dish (El Sancocho del Sábado)
- Compare and contrast an American market with an Hispanic market

Evidence of Learning

Assessment: Students will be assessed in the three modes of communication- Interpersonal, Interpretative, and Presentational. Student progress will be measured using both formative and common summative assessments, and will be graded using ACTFL proficiency rubrics.

Common assessments 3.1; 3.2; 3.3

Resources

- Clipart of fruits and vegetables
- Clipart of different kinds of clothing
- Book: El Sancocho del Sábado by Leyla Torres
- Samples of different currencies
- Okapi magazines
- MaryGlasgow video clips
- Magazines: Que Tal/Ahora/El Sol

Unit 4: CELEBRACIONES (CELEBRATIONS)

Content Area: World Language

Course & Grade Level: Spanish- Beginning (7-1), Grade 7

Summary and Rationale

Parties and celebrations are important events in the lives of teenagers. These festivities reflect cultural traditions and perspectives. As such, students explore the types of celebrations and holidays they celebrate with families and friends and compare those events to the experiences of their Spanish-speaking peers. They learn to identify a variety of holidays, talk about the significance of each festivity, extend/accept/ reject invitations, plan parties, engage in a telephone conversation in Spanish, and identify typical ethnic foods and clothing associated with celebrations. Among other holidays and parties, they focus on a typical Hispanic celebration, la quinceañeara, which marks a girl's fifteenth birthday. The unit touches on many aspects culture including the history of the celebrations, their purpose, traditional foods and clothing.

As they examine the theme, they continue to build proficiency, aiming to reach the Novice-High level by the end of the year. They practice speaking in sentences, asking questions, describing in detail, and narrating events in the present tense.

Recommended Pacing

40 days

New Jersey Student Learning Standards for World Language

Standard: Standards for Interpretive Mode

Novice High learners sometimes understand information from sentence-length speech in basic personal and social contexts where there is contextual support, though comprehension may often be very uneven. They are able to understand speech and writing dealing with areas of practical need such as highly standardized messages, phrases, or instructions, if the vocabulary has been learned.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NH.IPRET.1	Identify familiar words and phrases in culturally authentic materials related to
	targeted themes.
7.1.NH.IPRET.2	Understand the main idea and occasionally infer the meaning of some highly
	contextualized, unfamiliar spoken or written words, phrases, and short sentences in culturally
	authentic materials related to targeted themes.
7.1.NH.IPRET.3	Respond and act on a series of oral and written instructions, directions, and
	commands.
7.1.NH.IPRET.4	Recognize some common gestures and cultural practices associated with
	target culture(s).
7.1.NH.IPRET.5	Identify some unique linguistic elements in the target culture.
7.1.NH.IPRET.6	Interpret some common cultural practices associated with the target culture(s).
7.1.NH.IPRET.7	Comprehend some familiar questions and statements from short conversations and brief written
	messages from informational and fictional texts that are spoken, viewed and written.
7.1.NH.IPRET.8	Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages using contextualized culturally
	authentic materials on global issues, including climate change.

Novice High learners understand and communicate at the phrase and sentence level and can use words, lists, and simple sentences independently when talking about everyday life. They can handle a few uncomplicated communicative tasks when the situations are straightforward and the contexts familiar. Conversation is limited to

basic personal information, basic objects, and a limited number of activities, preferences, and needs. Novice High learners understand and respond to simple direct questions and requests and can independently ask a few formulaic questions. They rely on learned language that they begin to recombine to express their own ideas and needs. Novice High learners use sentence-level speech but often revert to words and phrases.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
7.1.NH.IPERS.1	Exchange basic information by recombining memorized words, phrases, and sentences on topics related to self and targeted themes to express original ideas and information.
7.1.NH.IPERS.2	Ask and respond to questions on practiced topics and on information from other subjects.
7.1.NH.IPERS.3	Make requests and express preferences in classroom settings and in various social situations.
7.1.NH.IPERS.4	Give and follow a series of oral and written directions, commands, and requests for participating in classroom and cultural activities.
7.1.NH.IPERS.5	Imitate appropriate gestures, intonation, and common idiomatic expressions of the target culture(s)/language during daily interactions.
7.1.NH.IPERS.6	Using information from brief oral and written messages on global issues, exchange information with classmates and others about global issues, including climate change.
Standard: Prese	
interests, their pr	ners present information using words, phrases, and some sentences to talk about themselves, their references, and other topics of interest. They begin to speak and write at the sentence level on et their communication is often a mixture of words, phrases, and simple sentences. Recombine basic information at the phrase and sentence level related to everyday topics and
	themes.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.2	Create and present brief messages using familiar vocabulary orally or in writing.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.3	Describe orally and in writing people and things from the home and school environment.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.4	Tell or retell stories from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials orally or in writing.
7.1.NH.PRSNT.5	When speaking and writing, use simple sentences and try to connect them with a few transition words.
	Instructional Focus
Unit Enduring Ur	nderstandings
	nd traditions determine how people celebrate holidays and special events celebrations and traditions reveal cultural perspectives of a society
Unit Essential Qu	
Do celeb	rations reflect or shape culture? How and why?
How do I	Hispanic and North American celebrations differ? What do they have in common?
 What car 	we learn about the people and their cultural perspectives by examining holidays and festivities?
Objectives	
Students will kno	DW:
Cultural tPlaces to	f celebrations and related vocabulary (including specific ethnic clothing and foods) raditions, rituals and events hold events paration activities
InvitationHow to aHow to u	n expressions (¿Te gustaría ir conmigo? ¿Quieres ir a ? ¿Quisiera ?) ccept/reject an invitation se estar to express feelings
Chores/c	lean-up activities

• Sequencing/transitional words

- Buying and giving gifts
- Asking for and offering help
- Asking for and giving opinions
- Read articles about festivals around the Spanish-speaking world
- Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the celebration of quinceañeara in the Latin American world

Students will be able to:

- Identify and describe celebrations
- Extend/accept/reject an invitation
- Sequence pre-and post-celebration activities
- Ask for and give an opinion
- Describe the quinceañeara celebration
- Demonstrate an understanding of traditions
- Compare and contrast typical Hispanic celebrations and traditions with their own culture's

Evidence of Learning

Assessment: Students will be assessed in the three modes of communication- Interpersonal, Interpretative, and Presentational. Student progress will be measured using both formative and common summative assessments, and will be graded using ACTFL proficiency rubrics.

Common assessments 4.1; 4.2; 4.3

Resources

- Website: <u>All about Spain</u> (Fiestas according to regions- click on city to get information about festivals celebrated there) Make sure to change to SPANISH
- Clipart of different celebrations
- Clipart of party preparation activities
- Cuadros de familia (Garza)- different paintings of family celebrations, Quinceañera
- Okapi magazines
- MaryGlasgow video clips
- Magazines: Que Tal/Ahora/El Sol